

## 2 Day Camping trip from Fayoum

Type	Run	Duration	Pick up
Private	Every Day	2 Days/ 1Night	10:00 AM

We offer a 2 Day unique Camping trip from Fayoum and Wadi Al Hitan( whales valley) from Fayoum with Overnight Camping in the desert, Discover It's 'Wadi Al Hitan' The site today is a Protected area and a Natural Heritage Site added in 2005 by the UNESCO as a world heritage site.

Inclusions:	Exclusions:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pick-up and drop off services from/to your hotel</li> <li>• Travel by private air-conditioned vehicle</li> <li>• Tours by private Jeep 4X4</li> <li>• Desert camping for one night-Full board</li> <li>• English-speaking Guide</li> <li>• All camping equipment ( sleeping bags-Tents-Mats)</li> <li>• All meals (breakfast, lunch, and dinner)</li> <li>• Beverages including mineral water and tea</li> <li>• All taxes and service charges</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tipping</li> <li>• Entrance fees to Wadi Al Hitan</li> <li>• Any Entrance fees</li> </ul>

### Itinerary:

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## Days Table

### First Day :Day 1-Cairo-Fayoum

At 10:00 Am pick up from your hotel in Fayoum lodge to Start your adventure by Toyota land cruiser 4x4 to [Wadi Al Hitan](#) '

From: Tunis village in Fayoum, Egypt.

To: Wadi Al-Hitan (Whale Valley), Egypt.

Driving distance: 69.2 km.

Duration: 1 hour 37 mins

[Wadi Al Hitan](#) ' is a Protected area and a Natural Heritage Site added in 2005 by UNESCO as world heritage site, WADI EL-HITAN is also known for scientists in the Zeuglodon Valley, have been discovered in 1936, it is located 35 KM west of the Wadi El-Ryan, right deep into the desert western desert, is It is an area of fossils; considered as an open museum, dates back to 45 million years and contains petrified primitive whales skeletons, shark teeth, shells and roots of Mangroves preserved in soft rocks. Everywhere you go here you find petrified sea shell and corals, Visit the Fossil & [Climate Change Museum](#)

The museum hosts a variety of whale fossils, and skeletons that are displayed outdoors, as for the museum it has a variety of fossils, skeletons, fossilized mangroves, and ancient seashells exhibited indoors in glass boxes

At 12:00 Enjoy your lunch

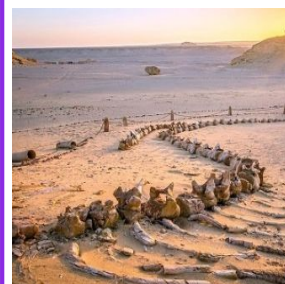
Drive to The Magic lake and Gebel Al-Mudawara

The Magic lake:

One of the most beautiful lakes in Egypt, overlooking sand dunes, is the Magic lake. Around the lake gives you the chance to witness one of the most eye-catching sunsets you will ever see.

The Magic Lake is a beautiful lake located in Wadi El Rayan in Fayoum. It was named the Magic lake as it changes its colors several times a day depending on the time of year and the amount of sunlight it receives.

It is an amazingly beautiful place surrounded by desert. People spend their time hiking & sand-boarding beside Magic Lake or



even swimming in the lake itself.

The lake contains minerals that are said to help treat patients with rheumatism.

It's simply a magical place for a magical trip.

Gebel Al Mudawara

Seven Kilometres south of the waterfall, Along the left eastern side of the road, Is a picturesque Area known as Al Mudawara, The Lookout, There are three Mountain along the lakeshore, it is a favorite Picnic Area

Wadi El Rayan

Wadi El Rayan is a depression 42 Meters below sea level and covers 673 K.m. In 1966 this depression became a water reservoir when it was connected with Qarun Lake by underground Pipe

Tea time by sunset- Bbq Dinner and overnight in the Camping

## **Second Day :Day 2- Fayoum- Cairo**

Enjoy Egyptian Breakfast, following with sand dunes Trip, and visit Qusur El Arab. Wadi El Rayan.

### **1-The Petrified forest**

Situated in the north of Lake Qaroun in Gabal Qatrani is the largest petrified forest in the world, home to 40 meters high trees that have survived in ossified form for thousands of years

### **2-Then Dimet el Sabah**

Dimeh al-Siba (Dime, Dimia, and nearby Qasr al-Sangha) on the northern side of Lake Qaroun is one of the most interesting in the Fayoum, Dimeh al-Siba, Dimeh of the Lions, was a Ptolemaic city believed to be founded by Ptolemy II in the third century BC, on a site that shows evidence of habitation from the Neolithic period. Today, it is more isolated, but during Ptolemaic times it was at the shore of the much larger lake, situated at the edge of Moeris Bay and the beginning of the caravan routes into the Western Desert, The ruins of Dimeh al-Siba contain the two temples, houses, underground chambers, streets and ten-meter high walls that are sometimes up to five meters thick. The walls themselves are a



testament to the survivability of mudbrick in the desert environment. The ground is strewn with debris. An uncountable number of shards cover the entire temple mound.

### 3- Qaser Al Sagha

The Golden Fortress(Qaser Al Sagha) is an unusual Middle kingdom, The building is situated North of the lake, The temple is constructed of limestone. The Function of this unusual temple is unclear.

Drive back to Tunis villages Lodge

**Price:**

(\$ ) 200

( € ) 190

( £ ) 178

**Spechial Offer For Groups And Childeren (Below 12 ) 50% Discount**

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