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2 Day trip to Luxor and Aswan with abu simble from Hurghada

Type	Run	Duration	Pick up
Private	Everyday	2 Days /1 Night	04:00 A.M

Enjoy two days tour to Luxor, Aswan, and Abu Simbel from Hurghada by Private vehicle and tour guide, Visit the highlights of Egypt, The Valley of the Kings, Karnak, Queen Hatshepsut temple and Abu Simbel in two Days.

Inclusions:	Exclusions:
• Private air-conditioned car • Entrance fees • Private tour guide • Lunch in Luxor and in Aswan • One night stay at Basma Aswan based on Bed and Breakfast • Motorboat Trip in Aswan to Phila temple • Lunch at a quality restaurant • The assistance of our personnel during tours • No Hidden Costs	• Any Extras not mentioned in the itinerary • Tipping • SailTrip • Dinner in Aswan

Itinerary:

Enjoy two days tour to Luxor, Aswan and Abu Simbel from Hurghada or Port Ghalib by Private vehicle and tour guide, Visit the highlights of Egypt, The Valley of the Kings, Karnak, Queen Hatshepsut temple, The Colossi of Memnon, The temple of Phiala and the two temples of Abu Simbel, Egypt`s Most attractive temples.

Days Table

First Day : Day 1- Hurghada-Luxor-Aswan



Early morning, we will pick you up from your hotel in Hurghada by a private A.C. Car to be transferred to Luxor for an overnight trip to Luxor from Hurghada. Upon arrival you will meet your private tour guide who will join you to visit:

Karnak:

No site in Egypt is more impressive than Karnak. It is the largest temple complex ever built by man and represents the combined achievement of many generations of ancient builders and pharaohs. The Temple of Karnak is actually three main temples, smaller enclosed temples, and several outer temples situated on 247 acres of land.
Luxor Temple: The Temple of Luxor was the center of the most important festival, the festival of Opet. Built largely by Amenhotep III and Rameses II, the temple's purpose was as a setting for the rituals of the festival. The festival was to reconcile the human aspect of the ruler with the divine office.
Lunch will be served in a local restaurant in Luxor with a Nile view.

Valley of the Kings:
The final resting place of Egypt's rulers from the 18th to 20th dynasty, it is home to tombs including the great pharaoh Ramses II and boy pharaoh Tutankhamen.
The tombs were well stocked with all the material goods a ruler might need in the next world. Most of the decoration inside the tombs is still well preserved.
Hatshepsut Temple:
It is one of the most beautiful & best preserved of all of the temples of Ancient Egypt. The temple was built on three levels with two wide ramps in a central position joining the levels together.
Colossi of Memnon:
Two massive stone statues of king Amenhotep III are the only remains of a complete mortuary temple.
The statues are made from blocks of quartzite sandstone which exist in Cairo then moved 700 KM to Luxor

Then move to Aswan- overnight in Basma Hotel

Second Day : Day 2-Aswan-Abu Simbel-Hurghada



Early Visit Abu Simbel from Aswan by Private Car

Abu Simbel temples

The two temples of Ramses the second and the Queen Nefertari were carved out of the Mountain on the west bank of the Nile between 1284 and 1244 B.c, The Great Temple was dedicated to Ramses the second, Ra-Harakhty, Amun Ra, and Ptah, with 4 Colossal statues, The second temple was dedicated to The Queen Nefertari and Goddess Hathor, the two temples were dismantled stone by stone and rebuilt on higher ground, The preservation of the two temples of Abu Simbel must Rank as the greatest Achievement of the Unesco

Back to Aswan by the afternoon, Lunch will be served in Aswan

Phiala temple
Built to honor the goddess Isis, this was the last temple built in the classical Egyptian style. Construction began around 690 BC, and it was one of the last outposts where the goddess was worshipped.
The High Dam
Aswan High Dam is a rock-fill dam located at the northern border between Egypt and Sudan. The dam is fed by the River Nile and the reservoir forms Lake Nasser. Construction for the project began in 1960 and was completed in 1968. It was officially inaugurated in 1981.

The Unfinished Obelisk
Aswan was the source of ancient Egypt’s finest granite, used to make statues and embellish temples, pyramids, and obelisks. The large unfinished obelisk in the Northern Quarries has provided valuable insight into how these monuments were created, although the full construction process is still not entirely clear. Three sides of the shaft, nearly 42m long, were completed except for the inscriptions. At 1168 tonnes, the completed obelisk would have been the single heaviest piece of stone the Egyptians ever fashioned.

Then drive back to Hurghada.

Price:

($) 410

(€) 389

(£) 364

Spechial Offer For Groups And Childeren (Below 12) 50% Discount

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